

Ab-initio Simulations of Coherent Phonon-Induced Pumping of Carriers in Zirconium Pentatelluride

Tao Jiang,¹ Peter P. Orth,^{1,2,3} Liang Luo,¹ Lin-Lin Wang,¹ Feng Zhang,^{1,2} Cai-Zhuang Wang,^{1,2} Jin Zhao,^{4,5,6} Kai-Ming Ho,^{1,2} Jigang Wang,^{1,2} and Yong-Xin Yao^{1,2,*}

¹*Ames National Laboratory, U.S. Department of Energy, Ames, Iowa 50011, USA*

²*Department of Physics and Astronomy, Iowa State University, Ames, Iowa 50011, USA*

³*Department of Physics, Saarland University, 66123 Saarbrücken, Germany*

⁴*ICQD/Hefei National Laboratory for Physical Sciences at Microscale,
and Key Laboratory of Strongly-Coupled Quantum Matter Physics,
Chinese Academy of Sciences, and Department of Physics,
University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, China*

⁵*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, USA*

⁶*Synergetic Innovation Center of Quantum Information & Quantum Physics,
University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, China*

Laser-driven coherent phonons can act as modulated strain fields and modify the adiabatic ground state topology of quantum materials. Here we use time-dependent first-principles and effective model calculations to simulate the effect of the coherent phonon induced by strong terahertz electric field on electronic carriers in the topological insulator ZrTe₅. We show that a coherent A_{1g} Raman mode modulation can effectively pump carriers across the band gap, even though the phonon energy is about an order of magnitude smaller than the equilibrium band gap. We reveal the microscopic mechanism of this effect which occurs via Landau-Zener-Stückelberg tunneling of Bloch electrons in a narrow region in the Brillouin zone center, where the transient energy gap closes when the system switches from strong to weak topological insulator. The quantum dynamics simulation results are in excellent agreement with recent pump-probe experiments in ZrTe₅ at low temperature.

* ykent@iastate.edu